### DPO FORUM LUXEMBOURG

IS CONSENT A CORNERSTONE OF DATA PROTECTION?

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A WEALTH of DIFFERENCE



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# SPEAKER PRESENTATION



#### SPEAKER PRESENTATION



#### Aïssatou SARR

Data Protection Officer at Lombard International Assurance part of Utmost Group

- 11 years of experience as DPO
- Master Degree on Corporate and Business law
- Master Degree on Data Protection Officer
- Master Degree on Control, Exploitation and Intelligence of Data
- Certified CIPM and CIPP/E
- Lecturer for
  - the University of Luxembourg,
  - the University of Dakar in Senegal
  - The University of Evry in France
- Author of the book : "Quel équilibre entre la protection des données et la santé ?: Comment respecter la règlementation sans limiter le développement de la recherche clinique".



### CONTEXT



#### CONTEXT

How many times the term Consent appears in the General Data Protection Regulation?

72

#### **IMBALANCE**

Imbalance in the way
Data Subjects' personal
data was protected in
Europe.

#### **EMPOWERMENT**

The aim of the GDPR is to re-empower individuals by giving them control over how their personal data is processed.

#### **RELIABILITY**

The definition and validity of consent in the GDPR becomes a reference for other regulations or laws such as the e-Privacy Directive.

#### **INFORMED CHOICE**

The ability to have clear and specific information on how personal data is processed.



# DEFINITION AND VALIDITY OF THE CONSENT





#### DEFINITION AND VALIDITY OF THE CONSENT

#### Article 4.11 of the GDPR:

'Consent' of the data subject means any freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous indication of the data subject's wishes by which he or she, by a statement or by a clear affirmative action, signifies agreement to the processing of personal data relating to him or her.

| The Data Controller bears the burden of proof                   |
|---|
| Freely given  |
| Specific  |
| Informed  |
| Unambiguous   |
| Clear affirmative action  |
| Written, electronic or oral statement                           |
| Intelligible and easily accessible form                         |
| clear and plain language  |
| should not contain unfair terms                                 |
| beware of imbalance between the data subject and the controller |

WEALTH SOLUTIONS



## CONSENTINTHE REGULATION



#### CONSENT IN THE REGULATION

#### **CONSENT AS LEGAL BASIS**

The data subject has given consent to the processing of his or her personal data for one or more specific purposes;

### CHILD'S CONSENT IN RELATION TO INFORMATION SOCIETY SERVICES

If the processing id relying on CONSENT in relation to the offer of information society services directly to a child,

the processing of the personal data of a child shall be lawful where the child is at least 16 years old.

Where the child is below the age of 16 years, such processing shall be lawful only if and to the extent that consent is given or authorised by the holder of parental responsibility over the child.

### CONSENT FOR TRANSFER OUTSIDE OF EU

Possibility for transfers in certain circumstances where the data subject has given his or her explicit consent,

where the transfer is occasional and necessary in relation to a contract or a legal claim,

regardless of whether in a judicial procedure or whether in an administrative or any out-of-court procedure, including procedures before regulatory bodies.



#### CONSENT IN THE REGULATION

### CONSENT FOR SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

Often the purpose of the clinical research is not fully identifiable at the collection.

The Data subjects should have the opportunity to give their consent only to certain areas of research or parts of research projects to the extent allowed by the intended purpose.

#### CONSENT AS EXCEPTION FOR SPECIAL CATEGORIES OF DATA

The data subject has given explicit consent to the processing of special categories of personal data for one or more specified purposes,

except where Union or Member State law provide that the prohibition may not be lifted by the data subject;

#### **CONSENT AS A RIGHT**

Consent appears in several rights as:

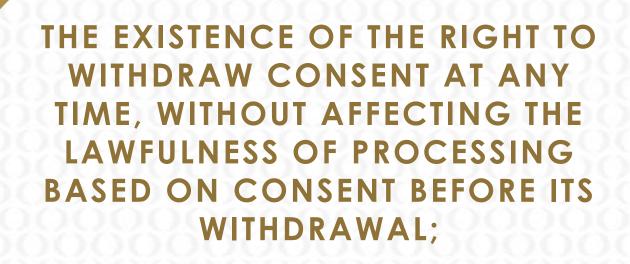
- Right to erasure ('right to be forgotten')
- Right to restriction of processing
- Right to data portability
- Automated individual decisionmaking, including profiling





# WITHDRAWAL OF CONSENT





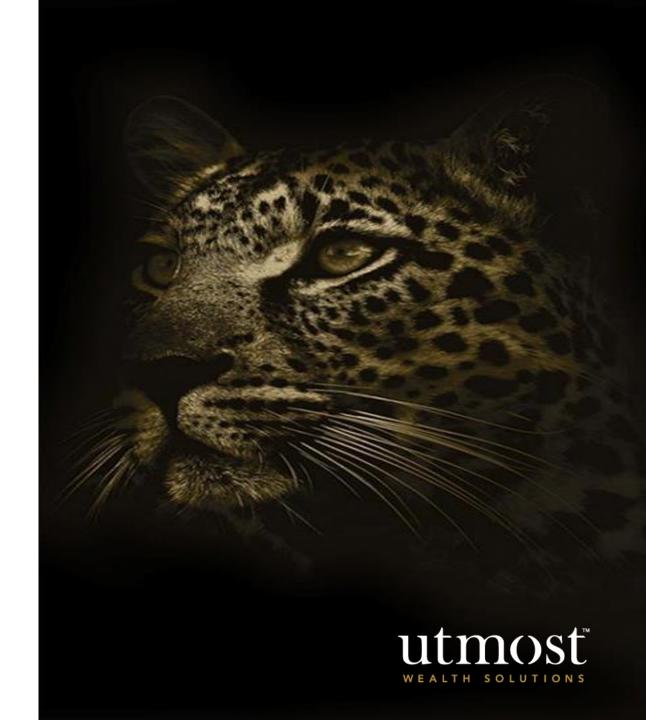




# INSECURITY ASSOCIATED WITH THE USE OF CONSENT FOR COMPANY



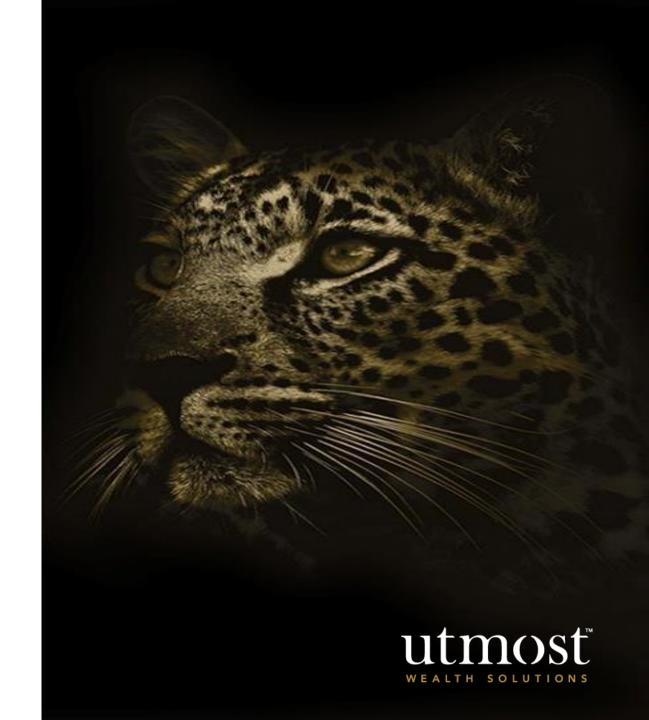
# IS IT SURE FOR A COMPANY TO USE THE CONSENT AS LEGAL BASIS?



# EMPOWERMENT ASSOCIATED WITH THE USE OF CONSENT FOR DATA SUBJECT



### DOES CONSENT GIVE EMPOWERMENT BACK TO THE DATA SUBJECT?



# FINES LINKTO THE MISUSED OF CONSENT





#### FINES LINK TO THE MISUSED OF CONSENT

Infringements of the following provisions shall, in accordance with paragraph 2, be subject to administrative fines up to 20 000 000 EUR, or in the case of an undertaking, up to 4% of the total worldwide annual turnover of the preceding financial year, whichever is higher:

the basic principles for processing, <u>including conditions for consent</u>, pursuant to Articles 5, 6, 7 and 9;



### THANK YOU!

